

S3 History: Mid-Unit Assessment Feedback

17 / 24

71 %

4W

Good work at:

- Including detail
- Structuring your answer
- Picking out relevant points

For next time:

- Improve focus in class
 - Add detail to your answers
 - Read the question carefully
 - Review answer structures
- EXPLAIN + COMPARISON

Name: _____

Total: 17 / 24

at War

Douglas Haig
Kitchener

B) Name one country that soldiers were fighting in when they were on the 'Western Front'.

Belgium ✓

C) What was the name of the law put in place to control safety and security in Britain during the war?

D.O.R.A ✓

D) During which Great War Battle did British gas blow back on many of their advancing soldiers?

Somme x LOOS

E) Name one type of Gas used by the British on the Western Front.

Mustard Gas ✓

F) In what year did the Great War begin?

1918 x 1914

G) Whose assassination is considered the 'spark cause' that led to the start of the Great War?

Franz Ferdinand ✓

H) During which Great War Battle did the British use a week-long artillery bombardment at the start?

—

I) Name one thing that was censored during the Great War.

letters that soldiers were sending to family and friends

J) Give the name for one of the standard issue machine guns that was used by the British during the Great War.

Lewis guns ✓

(6)

PART 2: Long Answer (14 marks)

Answer the following questions on lined paper.

1. Describe the tactics used to defend trenches on the Western Front.

Give a separate sentence for each point.

Try to include as much detail as possible.

4

2. Explain the reasons why many Scots 'joined up' at the start of the Great War

For each explanation, use the two part structure:

> *One reason why many Scots joined up at the start of the Great War was because...*

> *This meant that...*

6

3. Sources B and C are about rationing in Scotland during the Great War.

Source B

Compulsory rationing was introduced in stages between December 1917 and April 1918. Ration cards were issued and everyone had to register with a local butcher and grocer. One of the first items to be rationed was sugar in February 1918. However by the end of April, meat, butter, cheese and margarine were added to the list. Rationing benefited the health of the country, decreasing the average calorie intake only very slightly.

Source C

People began to fear that the country was running out of food. Panic buying led to shortages. In February 1918, one of the first items the Ministry of Food decided to ration was sugar. This was later followed by butchers' meat and dairy products. The idea of rationing food was to guarantee supplies, not to reduce consumption. This kept the Scottish people healthy as the intake of calories almost kept up to the pre-war level.

Compare the views of Sources B and C about rationing in Scotland during the Great War.

4

COMPARISON QUESTION STRUCTURE – Copy this out onto your lined paper. DO NOT write your answer on this sheet.

Overall, sources B & C agree / disagree about _____

use the wording of the question

Sources B & C agree / disagree about _____

Source B says ' _____

Whereas/similarly Source C says ' _____

Sources B & C agree / disagree about _____

Source B says ' _____

Whereas/similarly Source C says ' _____

1) One tactic they used to protect the western front was barbed wire.

2 - Another tactic they used was building the trenches in a sort of zig zag pattern to help minimise the amount of damage that came when a bomb hit the trenches.

3 - Sandbags where another thing they used to help protect them from machine guns fire.

4 - Another was gas masks which protected them from gas that the opponent would release.

5 - Another was harder helmets that were introduced a little bit later after they realised that the soft ones didn't provide much protection.

~~at~~ ~~about~~ for what? Use wording of Q!

2) One reason why was so they could be with their friends. This meant that many groups of boys would be joining up.

FOR WHAT?

- Another reason was so they could travel around the world. This meant more came to see places.

5/6 - A third reason was because you could get free food. Meaning people joined for a free meal.

- Another was because people in prison had the choice to either go the the war or stay in prison so the majority chose war because it was better than jail.

- More joined because they would have been given the gear if they didn't mean that ~~that~~ the town would have made fun of them for not going to the war. ✓

- Others joined because their office jobs they felt were too boring and they wanted something more exciting. ✓

3 Overall Sources B and C both agree about calorie intake. not the question topic

2
4

Sources B and C agree about the health of the country and the intake of calories.

Source B says "Rationing benefited the health of the country, decreasing the average calorie intake only very slightly."

Similarly Source C says "This kept the Scottish people healthy as the intake of calories almost kept up to the pre-war level." ✓